

THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT

Resumes Its Sitting Before Chief Justice and Justices deFreitas and Orpen.

MCNISH vs. MURRAY.

Appeal by Plaintiff in Case of H. S. Payne Against D. W. Daley.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court resumed its sittings at the second block of Public Buildings yesterday before their Honours the Chief Justice and Justices deFreitas and Orpen.

The Hon. Hector Joseph, K.C., again appeared for the appellant, whilst the Hon. J. A. G. Smith represented the respondent.

The issue which the Court had to determine was whether the suit was one of boundary or whether it was not a suit for the recovery of the possession of land.

Mr. Joseph's contention was that the procedure was wrong; that a boundary claim ought not to have been issued; whilst Mr. Smith contended that the parties both owned land.

There was a dispute as to boundary, and the proceedings instituted in the Resident Magistrate's Court were correct.

At the close of counsel's arguments their Honours reserved judgment.

CASE FOR ST. JAMES.

At the afternoon session of the Court, the case of H. S. Payne vs. D. W. Daley, was argued. It was an appeal by the plaintiff from the judgment of the Resident Magistrate for St. James.

The Hon. J. A. G. Smith appeared for the appellant, whilst Mr. N. W. Manley represented the respondent.

The facts of the case were as follows: The defendant gave the plaintiff a pair of trousers to make. He did not take same, and the plaintiff sued. The Resident Magistrate found for the defendant, who contended that the trousers were not finished and delivered in time—that a bearer was sent on a subsequent occasion, but still he could not get them.

Mr. Smith's contention was that the contract was a continuing one. That the defendant agreed by his action to take delivery of the trousers, and that the Magistrate was wrong in the decision he arrived at.

Learned counsel was still arguing when the Court adjourned until 10.30 a.m. to-day.

VICTORIA MUTUAL BUILDING SOCIETY.

The forty-fifth annual general meeting of the Victoria Mutual Building Society was held yesterday afternoon at the Society's office in Duke Street.

There were appointed Chairman of the meeting: Col. A. H. Pincock, Messrs. M. M. Alexander, A. W. Bourke, H. W. Mason, S. N. Barnes, W. Baggett Gray, J. B. Sibbles, D. T. Engleton, J. Crosswell, H. V. Alexander and S. C. McCutcheon, Secretary.

The chairman moved the adoption of the report which was carried.

Messrs. M. M. Alexander and H. E. Bolton, retiring directors, were re-elected.

The appointments of Col. A. H. Pincock and Messrs. A. E. DaCosta and W. Baggett Gray, as directors, were confirmed.

The retiring auditor, Mr. John Tapley, was re-elected.

The meeting passed a vote of condolence to the family of the late G. P. Myers, who for fifteen years had served the Society as a director.

Mr. M. M. Alexander moved a vote of appreciation in the working of the staff, which was carried.

Other matters were dealt with and the meeting adjourned.

NORWAY AND RUSSIA.

London, June 19.—According to a Soviet official report a Norwegian delegation has arrived in Moscow to negotiate a commercial treaty.

The Jamaica Philatelic Society.

STAMP ALBUM 103.

July 18th, 1924.

Edited by Astley Clerk, Cowen Music Room, 36A King Street, Kingston.

ARE WE PROGRESSING? (2)

Our Society..... Is it Progressing?

If a stranger reads the monthly statements, or the annual Balance Sheet presented by our Treasurer, we are assured that he will answer, "Truly, you are progressing."

But, if, month after month, our Exchange Superintendent grows at how his work is kept back by the indifference displayed by certain members; if, month after month, the Editor of our "Magazine" complains that his work, with little exception, is left entirely on his shoulders; if, meeting after meeting, we see only the same faithful few present; if, month after month, we hear the same hard words being read by the Treasurer, can we truly term ours a progressive Society? All honour to those of our members who do hold up the hands of the President, they are like the small spark which lights a great fire, and the leaven which leaveneth the whole, but it is hard work on the part of the leaven, and great work on the part of the leavened dough. It is in these faithful few however that our Society does progress, and it is because of them that it will certainly progress more. When, however, we realize that the workers of our Society are but the smaller portion of our membership then must we sorrowfully confess that as a Society we are not progressing. Let us all remember that the duty is in these faithful few to pull together brings victory.

AN XVII.

I know some half dozen youngsters who are very interested in our hobby, so much so that they have been sending abroad to get Dealers' sheets as advertised in Philatelic Publications. The sheets have reached them, but they really represent a loss to us. To ask and accept money for the waste-paper-basket collection of stamps these sheets carry is taking a miserable advantage of the youngsters. Many a young collector has had his enthusiasm nipped in the bud, and thereby lost his desire for further Philatelic progress, by such mean dealing, and the pity of it is that these who are taking an advanced course of these ads are Dealers, men who, know the utter worthlessness of such rubbish, and what its purchase by young boys and girls mean to the future of Philately. It would be wise if our J.P.S., as well as all stamp Societies abroad would do something to protect these youngsters. Gathering them into the Society where they can be trained and advised and where they will have the opportunity of stamp exchanging, is certainly a good method, and should be pushed especially in Jamaica, for all it is worth. But, as this only reaches a certain few, and we want to get at the mass of boys and girls outside Societies, more must be done. The Jamaica Philatelic Society will be glad to get the cooperation of Societies abroad on this question.

THE PRICE OF BANANAS.

(By Telegram from Our Correspondent.)

Guy's Hill, July 17.—There has been a very sudden drop in the price of bananas here this week, the price being paid since Monday is £10 plus 25/ commission compared with £16 15/ per 100 straight last week. Today the United Fruit Co. is buying fruit for both the English and American market. A good quantity of stems are being secured. The settlers hope that the price will be better next week. The quantity of American fruit on Monday is anticipated will be small.

LODGE MEETINGS.

The regular meeting of the United Benevolent Society, No. 5, will be held at No. 16 Heywood Street this evening commencing at 7.15 o'clock. Members are asked to be early, as special business is on the agenda.

The regular meeting of Patriarche No. 111, G.U.O. of O.F. will be held at No. 78 King Street at 7 o'clock this evening.

Officers and members of the Evelyn Temple, National Mosaic Templars of America, are requested to attend their regular bi-monthly meeting which will take place to-night at 27 Sutton Street, at 7.30 o'clock.

CONVENTION FOR DEEPENING SPIRITUAL LIFE

The Women's Meeting Is Held Under Presidency Of Mrs. Priestnal.

ADDRESSES ARE GIVEN

First General Meeting Held in Episcopal Church, Bishop Westphal Presiding.

(From a Correspondent.)

Unfortunately for the women's meeting of the Convention for Deepening the Spiritual Life held at Mandeville, the rain somewhat affected the attendance, but none the less the meeting was conspicuously successful and useful and many expressions of appreciation for the addresses given were heard. Mrs. Priestnal presided.

The first address was given by Mrs. A. F. Brandon on "Women's Influence in the Church" (Acts 16, v. 14-16). After describing the conversion of Lydia through the influence of the Apostle Paul, the speaker said that this first convert in Europe was a woman, formed with her household the nucleus of the Philippian Church, the first in Europe. Two more churches in Greece were also established, and the six letters written to these three churches have become the heritage of mankind. All this resulted from Paul's response to the Spirit's leading. The gains to the early church and to Christendom from the conversion of this one woman are therefore considerable. The influence of women in the Church throughout the whole of the Christian era has generally been great and never, even in the middle ages, entirely negligible. The Church of Philippi owed its strength and liberality mainly to the inspiration of its women members, a fact which the Apostle himself recognizes in his warm expressions for this Church.

Moreover, such examples as the training of Ananias by Priscilla and that of Timothy by his mother Lois, testify to the influence of women in the Church of the early centuries, while the faithful witness of Flavia Domitilla, a woman martyr in Rome, gave strength and courage to the struggling church in that city, which held to its faith even under the various cruelties and persecutions of the Emperor. In the following centuries when controversy and ecclesiasticism became dominant, the influence of women was severely restricted, and this remains substantially true right up to a century ago, when women began again to take their proper place in the life of the Church. Even then it was only a small beginning. It was not until about fifty years ago that women got opportunities to work directly and prominently in the Church, and then only in a few isolated cases of talented and determined personalities. Not until the nineteenth century was three parts gone did women to any number, find any effective place in the work of the Church, and not until the twentieth century had begun were they accorded in any number a place in the councils of the Church. But wherever, in modern times, women have found opportunities for service, their work has been of great value, and in some cases they have been able to do work which for men was impossible, of which the work in the Indian Zenana is a striking example. On the mission field itself, the work of women has become increasingly valuable and extensive during the last fifty years, and the work of Mary Slessor in Africa, Pandita Ramabai in India, and of Mary Reed among the lepers of India are amongst the most heroic records of "Missionary adventure." The same is true of the growth of women in Mission hospitals. All this work has received its inspiration from the home churches where the influence of women has steadily grown in this modern period.

In the councils of the Church as deaconesses and even preachers, considerable development has recently been made. Moreover, what is true of the Church is still more true of the general professions. However, it will never be possible for all Christian women to be prominent and public Christian workers, but it will always be necessary and desirable that

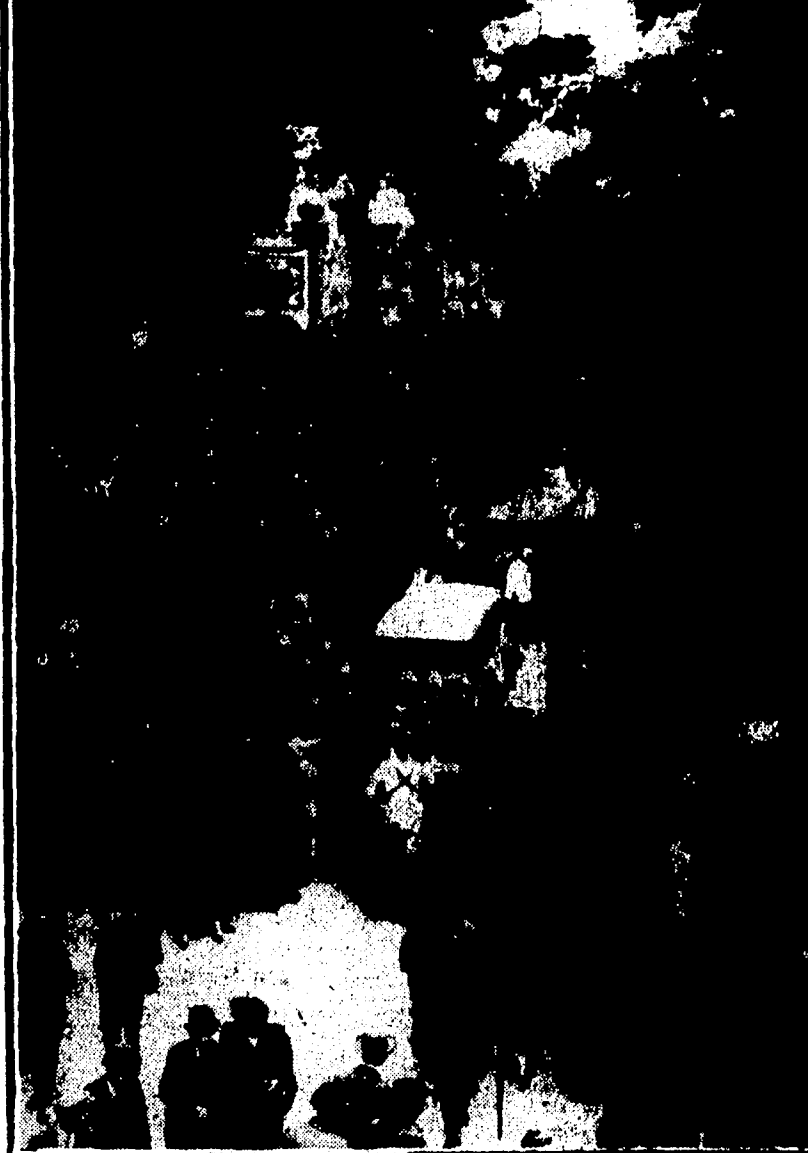
ALL CHRISTIAN WOMEN should make their influence felt in some special direction in the work of the Church.

In the Sunday School, in sick visitation, in the general witness for righteousness in the community, and in the home opportunities for service about all. In the home Christian women have the first, the most detailed and continuous opportunity of making morally certain that their children shall become faithful witnesses of Christ in the Church and community.

Miss Marvin, who has been doing social work in England for nine years, gave a thoughtful address on "I will give them one who I will put a new spirit within you." She said she believed the whole world was crying out for the things of the Spirit. In His creative work, she went on to say, God made man to have a living soul, but I fear that hundreds of people have no belief that they have a living soul. Yet it is worth while to hold a Convention to equip us that we may know men feel that they have living souls. We hear of progress in Jamaica, that is, there are motor cars, movies, and developing properties, but are men living nearer to Christ? I believe it is part of the responsibility of women to bring others into a new way of life. In worldly position and in the gathering of material things, if one gains another loses. One gets the position which another loses. But no man or woman can have too much of the things of the Spirit. Courageous women put courage into others. Your love for God produces it in others. Evil is catching and the more men talk of it the more they believe in its power. Good is just as contagious and its infinite good can be brought by the

Wembley Crowds At Whitsuntide

(Photo by Sport and General Press Agency)



Part of the great crowd of holiday makers who visited the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley on Whit Monday. Packed trains from all parts poured a constant stream of visitors into the grounds, as fast as the trains could be emptied.

pure and courageous life. One heart and one mind can only come through the things of the Spirit. We find, however, that all the countries in the world are restless because of the quest for material things. Only love is able to cement us together. Spiritual forces unite us and make us care for God and other men that we forget the differences of rank and colour and position. In some directions the present situation is so serious that unless we can have fellowship the very existence of Christian civilization is at stake. We ourselves must develop sympathy and the spirit of love. The Alpha Society of Jamaica to teach their children the love of God, for this alone can save our generation. Every form of evil, and much of it is rampant, is anti-spiritual. Evils like disease, gambling, drink and the unwanted child, are widespread, and any one of these in any group, pollutes the life of that group, especially its young life. The immense danger to our youth from these evils, and above all from the evil of that dark superstition which is still so widespread, must be faced. Of all service that unties us the training of the children does so the best. But the future of the children is not only with the women, but with the men, whose step often regulates the life of the children. The curse of Jamaica is the large number of unfathered children, who need the care of the one parent as much as the other. Let loving service for the children bring together all churches, all classes and all occupations. Teach them love, purity and self-control, that when manhood and womanhood comes, they will be able to conquer evil desire and do the right thing.

Quite a few additional delegates arrived at Mandeville on Tuesday for the Convention, including Rev. John Kneale and Mrs. Kneale, Rev. W. B. and Mrs. Esson, Rev. A. W. Ross, Rev. W. Meredith, Rev. W. J. O'Malley, Rev. and Mrs. G. T. Armstrong and others.

FIRST GENERAL MEETING. At 2.30 on Tuesday afternoon the first general meeting was held in the Episcopal Church, when Bishop Westphal again presided.

As the first speaker, the Rev. G. T. Armstrong dealt with the words "Thy Kingdom Come." He said we are so apt to get used to words that after a time we almost lose the sense of their meaning. This is true of our prayers and hymns and well known passages of Scripture. In a book called "Jesus in the Home Life," a writer speaks of Jesus living the life of His heavenly home on the earth. We often think, now that many years have elapsed, that our prayers for the coming of His Kingdom are vain because we feel that His Kingdom is not coming. We see strong forces of evil holding sway. Can it be that instead of the kingdom of God being established the kingdom of evil is gaining ground? Many are inclined to think that way. But God does not hurry. It is only our hurry and anxiety which make us think the kingdom is not coming.

But why is its progress so slow? Why does not the all-powerful God at a word command that this world be His? That is not His way. He is working through us. If God's kingdom does not spread as it should it is not His fault but ours. Every Christian must be a missionary, alive to his responsibilities as a true soldier of Christ. But nothing is so sure as that God's Kingdom will come. The kingdoms of this world shall become the kingdoms of our Lord. It is our responsibility to hasten its coming. We can do this in two ways.

1. By prayer, and more things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of.

2. We can hasten it by showing the spirit of Christ through the love, joy and peace which are the fruits of the Spirit. God's Kingdom can be established. All of us can help in this and such gatherings as this contribute toward it. We must act as one. We cannot afford to have any jealousy. We must be determined to spread the spirit of Christ in our homes and districts so that it will reach and touch to the

farthest boundaries of the world.

SANCTIFICATION IN THE SPIRIT. The Rev. T. L. Stockley spoke on "Sanctification in the Spirit." The Holy Spirit abides in all true Christians. He comes as the Spirit of holiness of which we can have as much as we are willing.

1. He discovers to us all our deep unholiness. He unveils to us the glory of Christ and His moral splendour. The contrast between Him and us is overwhelming. In the presence of His infinite holiness our own deep unholiness stands revealed and like Isaiah we say, "Woe is me."

2. He leads us also to a new life. We realize an utter breaking down in His presence. There is no hope in ourselves. It is impossible for us to squeeze holiness out of our own heart. If we think we can make ourselves holy, our case is hopeless.

3. The Spirit unveils Christ as the treasure house of holiness. All the graces of Christian character are in Him.

4. The Holy Spirit then leads us to give Christ the royal place in our lives. We enthroned Him and give Him the place of government. Not by outward imitation but inward transformation we become like Christ. As Chalmers said, we gain the explosive power of a new affection.

5. Finally He empowers us to choose and appropriate the power that is in our Lord. To do this we must yield utterly to the movement of the Spirit of God in us.

At the close of this meeting, by the kind invitation of Mrs. Barclay, the delegates partook of tea at the Ladies' Club.

Among the members of the Medical Conference on Tropical Diseases arriving here to-morrow from Colombia is Dr. Miguel Arango who has been appointed by the Colombian Government to represent them at the conference.

Referring to the departure of Dr. Arango the Diario Del Comercio, the leading organ in Barranquilla and the Atlantic coast says: "It is not very often that we have seen a more fit and proper appointment as what has been made in the person of our esteemed Dr. Arango, being a man of clear intellect and cultured brains in scientific matters. Dr. Arango has spent the major portion of his life in the study of medical science which causes him to enjoy an individual reputation bringing him into prominence among the people of Barranquilla. Besides being a speaker at conferences, Dr. Arango is a fine writer as will be seen in his various medical publications in the capital. He is author of many scientific works among them being an important one called "The Treatment of Epilepsy." His work on the statistics in the development of Tuberculosis in the coast cities was very much praised by the National Medical Congress which met in Panama in August, 1919. Among the works which Dr. Arango will present at the conference are papers on Trachoma, etc.

Dr. Arango after completing his studies in Bogota proceeded to London where he spent several years in the study of the University. He speaks English fluently and his papers at the conference will be in English.

Dr. Luis E. Frueta, the chief of the United Fruit Co's Hospital, Santa Marta, is also expected to arrive along with Dr. Arango to attend the conference. He is also one of Colombia's most eminent doctors.

Senior Fernan Partez, Consul for Colombia in this island, will meet the doctors on their arrival to-morrow morning on the United Fruit Co's steamer Carillo.

CASES HEARD IN THE COURTS OF METROPOLIS

Coolieman Failed In His Effort to Recover £10 for Trespass to Land.

BREAKERS OF LAW.

Defendants Fined 40s. For Making Noise at Dance At Blake Road.

In the Kingston Court yesterday before His Honour Mr. E. J. S. Athawes, acting Judge, the case of Susserant (coolie) vs. Frederick Williams was tried.

The Hon. H. A. L. Simpson appeared for the plaintiff whilst the defendant was represented by Mr. H. W. Dayes of Messrs. Dayes and Dayes.

The claim was to recover £10 for trespass. From the evidence which was heard the plaintiff made out that defendant wrongfully trespassed on lands, 107 North Street, Kingston, rented by him (plaintiff) and locked off the water, thereby causing damage to his vegetable garden.

Evidence was called on behalf of the defendant, after which both solicitors addressed the Court.

His Honour reviewed the evidence and gave judgment for the defendant with costs and solicitor's costs.

KINGSTON R. M. COURT. Before His Honour Mr. H. C. Robertson in the Kingston R.M. Court yesterday, Joseph Brown was fined 20/ for disorderly conduct in Peter's Lane. He was also fined 40/ for assaulting the constable when he was arrested.

Charles Bryan, Eric Clarke, Leopold Lywood, Harrington Price and Solomon Hibbert were charged with disorderly conduct.

Sgt-Major Black said that on Wednesday night he heard a noise in Blake Road and when he went there he saw a big crowd. There was a jazz dance in a house nearby and the defendants were making a noise.

Constables Bell and Smikle gave evidence corroborating Sgt-Major Black.

Hibbert was discharged. Bryan said that he was living at James St. and he was going home when he was arrested.

Clarke said that he was going towards Text Lane when a constable came up and arrested him.

Lywood said that he had just left his work and went home and he was going to the dance to call his cousin when he was arrested.

Price said that he was not doing anything when the constable arrested him.

The defendants called witnesses who did not help them very much. His Honour found the defendants guilty and in imposing a fine of 40/ on each of them remarked that they had no reason to go in the street and make a noise.

Mortimore Magnus who was found guilty on Tuesday for being a roguish and vagabond and was remanded for

sentence was next called up. In answer to His Honour, Detective Inspector O'Hanlon said that the accused had three convictions for larceny.

Accused was given 3 months' imprisonment.

N. J. Murray, a Cuba service agent was brought up on a charge of larceny of money, £22 14/, the property of Charles Moore, John Hoodan, Pott and Litchman, East Indians.

Inspector Wright appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. A. E. Brandon represented the defendant.

Inspector Wright: I understand that the defendant is desirous of paying back the money.

His Honour: When? Inspector Wright: Now, sir.

His Honour: Then you are asking Inspector Wright: I will be contented if the money is paid back.

His Honour: It strikes me that Murray is coming here too often.

Inspector Wright: There is wholesale robbery going on at present by these men. If the defendant will pay up the money and with Your Honour's consent I will not press the matter. The money means a lot to these unfortunate people. Some of these people have not been able to get to Cuba after having deposited money with the defendant. We have a list against Murray for £21 and up to now we have collected £28 17/6 from him.

His Honour: If you come before me again and you are convicted there is no use for you to ask me to give you the benefit of the Probation Officers' Law. You can see this time, Rudolph Johnson was fined 40/ for assaulting a motor truck driver named Martin Wray.

Mr. Aston Simpson appeared for the prosecution.

HALF-WAY TREE COURT. Before His Honour Mr. A. V. Kingdon in the R.M. Court at Half-Way Tree yesterday were H. C. Hendricks, acting Clerk of the Court prosecuting Alphonso Kennedy for larceny of clothes was given 3 months' imprisonment and a similar term was passed on Ezekiel Rainford for larceny of a bangle.

On a charge of vagrancy Frederick Thompson was sentenced to 14 days' imprisonment and Joseph Nelson Salmon for unlawful possession of agricultural produce was given a similar term of imprisonment.

Luther Spalding and his mother Elizabeth Spalding were again brought up on a charge of murder. On the application of the police the accused were again remanded until the 24th inst.

INFECTIVE DISEASE.

For the week ended the 12th inst. the following were the cases of infective disease reported to the Central Board of Health:—

Alastrim 7; (Kingston 2, St. Andrew 1, St. James 2, Westmoreland 1, Clarendon 1.)

Chicken Pox 2; (St. Andrew 1, St. James 1.)

Enteric Fever 27; (Kingston 5, St. Ann 2, Trelawny 1, James 6, St. Elizabeth 2, Clarendon 10.)

Pulmonary tuberculosis 7; (Kingston 1, St. Ann 2, James 1, St. Elizabeth 2, Clarendon 1.)

BATTLE OF WATERLOO.

London, June 19.—To-day being the anniversary of the Battle of Waterloo the Duke of Wellington handed to His Majesty the flag actually presented by him to the Sovereign in virtue of his tenure of the Stratfieldsaye Estates.

SAFE PORTS. You perceive that you have been piloted to a Safe Port when you taste any of Messrs. W. & A. Gilbey's guaranteed Ports.



INVALID PORT For All Occasions. CASTLE 84 PORT Finest Old Tawny. CASTLE J. PORT An Excellent Old, Light Port. See the signature on every bottle.

W & A Gilbey

FRED. L. MYERS & SON, "The Sugar Wharf," Kingston.

PROTECTION AND INVESTMENT. WITH Maximum Benefits at Minimum Cost. HAS ALWAYS BEEN THE AIM OF The Jamaica Mutual Life Assurance Society. BONUS: Operating on Mutual Principles there are no Shareholder Profits to be first taken out of the Bonus to the Policyholder with the result that the Policyholder receives as liberal a Bonus as is possible. The Bonus Award will be in October, 1924. PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Recognizing that a death claim paid quickly is of the greatest assistance to a family at a time when money is most needed the Society has established an unequalled lengthened record for this important feature. Information promptly and cheerfully furnished. By SPENCER THOMSON, Travelling Agent, and W. D. SOUTAR, Asst. Travelling Agent. ERNEST B. NETHERSOLE, Secretary.

DELEGATES FOR CONFERENCE TO BE HELD HERE. Among the members of the Medical Conference on Tropical Diseases arriving here to-morrow from Colombia is Dr. Miguel Arango who has been appointed by the Colombian Government to represent them at the conference. Referring to the departure of Dr. Arango the Diario Del Comercio, the leading organ in Barranquilla and the Atlantic coast says: "It is not very often that we have seen a more fit and proper appointment as what has been made in the person of our esteemed Dr. Arango, being a man of clear intellect and cultured brains in scientific matters. Dr. Arango has spent the major portion of his life in the study of medical science which causes him to enjoy an individual reputation bringing him into prominence among the people of Barranquilla. Besides being a speaker at conferences, Dr. Arango is a fine writer as will be seen in his various medical publications in the capital. He is author of many scientific works among them being an important one called "The Treatment of Epilepsy." His work on the statistics in the development of Tuberculosis in the coast cities was very much praised by the National Medical Congress which met in Panama in August, 1919. Among the works which Dr. Arango will present at the conference are papers on Trachoma, etc. Dr. Arango after completing his studies in Bogota proceeded to London where he spent several years in the study of the University. He speaks English fluently and his papers at the conference will be in English. Dr. Luis E. Frueta, the chief of the United Fruit Co's Hospital, Santa Marta, is also expected to arrive along with Dr. Arango to attend the conference. He is also one of Colombia's most eminent doctors. Senior Fernan Partez, Consul for Colombia in this island, will meet the doctors on their arrival to-morrow morning on the United Fruit Co's steamer Carillo.